HUGHES ON HIDDEN POLITICS

HE'S NO MORE NARROW MINDED THAN THE LAWS, HE SAYS.

Talks to Queens Real Estate Men of the Future of the City and Adds Some Things on His Efforts to Pass the Gambling Laws and of the Opposition.

By hired hack, trolley, B. R. T. and the ferry it used to take folks from down Jamaica way about two hours to connect with the joys of Manhattan, but since the Atlantic avenue division of the Long Island Railroad hooked up with the subway they can make the trip in two whizzes, forty minutes or thereabouts. To celebrate this the Allied Civic Associations of the Fourth ward of Queens gave a dinner at the Hotel Manhattan last night, at which Gov. Hughes

was the guest of honor. The Fourth ward takes in about all the land south of the backbone of Long Island, and is as big as an Indiana county. Most every citizen of that district who is entitled to wear Hon, before his name attended the dinner to whoop it up for Queens and tell how real estate values over there are jumping like young grasshoppers after a

H. P. Engelhardt, president of the associstion, was ton master. Some of the grests were: President Lawrence Gresser of Queens borough, Edward M. Bassett of the Public Service Commission, Congressmen Cocks and Willett, Senator Dennis J. Harte, Alderman Michael J. Carter, John Lloyd Thomas, Lewis H. Pounds and Frank

The Governor said that in the afternoon he had found the old adage "The longest way around is the shortest way home," true so far as Queens was concerned, since he had never covered the distance to that borough so quickly as he had tubing it under the East River and circling under Brooklyn. He told them that he had the interests of Queens closely at heart, because he understood what part Queens is to play in the development of Greater New York.

We have hardly begun to dream of the future of the greater city," said the Governor. "Those sparsely settled out-lying districts of which we think too little now will some day, before our lives are ended, be the great centres of population. ended, be the great centres of population. Manhattan will remain always the hub of business but the weight of population and political power will be in Queens, The Bronx and Brooklyn." [Applause.]

The Governor turned to a characteristic lecture on good government which occasionally made the Queens men glance meaningly at one another, remembering the days of Cassidy and the clogged payrolls that are up improvement moneys.

rolls that ate up improvement moneys.
"Government is a simple matter in principle." he said, "no matter how difficult it may be in the application. Just three things we must have—absolute honesty, absolute attention to efficiency and economy There is the trinity of political and governmental virtue. You can't have it if government is regarded merely as a means of rewarding friends and maintaining a political organization. You can't have it if a man's need for a job in considered before his efficiency. There must be honesty in public works and economy in carrying them out, because extravagance and dishonesty eat up improvements." [Applause and a voice: "The Governor must be up on Queens history."]

and a voice: "The Governor must be up on Queens history."]

The Governor thought that citizens' organizations, such as the one of Queens, are of the utmost value in securing fair, decent treatment and economical administration of government. He had observed the workings of many of these associations

up-State, he said, and their practicability had impressed him.

"I believe," he said, "that conditions were never better in the history of the country than they are to-day; that the electorate was never more intelligent or more insistent upon its rights. There has never been such a high level of citizenship.

t remains to be seen whether the people will get their rights, whether hocus-pocus-ing and thimble rigging will triumph over square conduct and decency. There are men to-day who are meeting in back rooms and planning to run counter to the expressed will of the people, but they are the blindest of the blind, because they do not see the trend of public opinion and how futile their

scheming must be. "I have been thinking a great deal on the subject of what should be done to obtain absolute expression of the people's will," continued the Governor. "It seems to me that one of the first things we should do is to get our machinery in such shape that the people will say who shall run for office; so that three or four men cannot sit in a back room and say: 'Well, we will give 'em this one.' When we bring that about the man who is elected must render an account of his stewardship not to the men in the back room, but to the people themselves."

The Governor alluded to the criticism which had been directed against him because of his championship of the anti-

racing bills, saying:
"Some have said, 'What a narrow minded Governor this is! He is opposed to the sports of the people! What a puritanical fellow he is, anyway!" My friends, the Governor is just as nar-

row as the laws of the State of New York, the laws he has sworn to execute. If there if one thing absolutely necessary to the integrity of our public life it is insistence upon rigid fidelity to the Constitution and o our laws and a just administration.

Among the others that spoke were Com-missioner Bassett, Congressman Cocks, John Lloyd Thomas and Borough President

ANTI-RACETRACK BILLS.

Sames W. Wadsworth Says It Is Certain

That They Will Be Beaten. BUFFALO, June 4 .- James W. Wadsworth. former Representative in Congress and head of the State Racing Commission, on a visit here to consult with several of the men connected with the Kenilworth racetrack, which opens here on June 22, declared that he is positive the anti-racetrack bills will not be passed by the Legislature, which will convene in Albany on June 8. During the week Mr. Wadsworth had been in New York and had held consultations Commission and racetrack men, who are deeply interested in the future of the racing

stitutions in this State.
"It is certain that these bills will be beaten. Beyond that I have nothing to say. The less we, who are opposed to these bills, have to say the better for our cause. The only headway the Governor has gained is by

Speaker Wadsworth, who was in Buffalo Tuesday, said that the fate of the race-track bills depended upon whether Senator Foelker was well enough to take his seat in the Senate next week. In view of the statement which the Speaker's father made ere are some who believe that the racetrack people have received assurances that Foelker will not be able to attend the sessions of the Legislature next week.

ORDERED TO TRY CAPT. MURPHY. Court-Martial Will Convene at Fort Leaven-

FORT LEAVENWORTH, Kan., June 4 .- An order was received here to-day from the Department convening a court-martial on June 15 to try Capt. Charles N. Murphy of the Thirteenth Infantry. Col. Sidney W. Taylor, commander of the Second Field Artillery and the post of Fort D. A. Russell, Wyoming, is president of the court, and Capt. William Flynn, Second Cavalry, Fort Rocinson, Nebraska, is judge advocate.

It is said Capt. Murphy is charged with irregularities as custodian of the funds of Company M, Thirteenth Infantry, the organization he commands, and with dis-

bedience of orders. Capt. Murphy is a native of Nevada nd opened his military career as a soldier the Second United States Volunteer avalry in the Secondsh TWO CENT POSTAGE RATE

May Be Established Between This Country and Italy, Germany and France. WASHINGTON, June 4 .- It is not improbable that in the near future a reciprocal rate of two cents an ounce on letters will be

in effect between the United States and Italy, Germany, France and other European countries. Postmaster-General Meyer believes that the reciprocal two cent rate entered into

between this country and the United Kingdom, which he announced vesterday and which was announced in the British Parliament by Postmaster-General Buxton, will eventually cause an increase in postal receipts from this source, as it will lead commercial houses to use the mails more freely and will also encourage correspondence to a large extent between persons who reside in this country who have relatives in England, Scotland, Ireland and

Wales.

"I am in favor of a similar arrangement with Germany, France, Italy or any other European country where the mail steamers touch," he said to-day. "Of course these steamers carry mail which is transported through these countries to others, and letters could not be carried to the latter at a two cent rate unless many difficulties which now present themselves are overcome. Mail of this character involves additional expense to get it to its final destination after it has crossed the border of the country where it was landed from the steamer."

steamer."
The Postmaster-General says that he is willing to open up negotiations with the countries where mail can be landed by steamers and where the final destination of the mail is within that country looking to the establishment of the two cent rate

WAR ON ANARCHIST PAPERS. Postmaster-General Meyer to Prosecute Them With Renewed Vigor.

WASHINGTON, June 4 .- Beginning July 1 Postmaster-General Meyer will continue with renewed vigor his crusade against anarchistic newspapers. Following his order denying the use of the mails to a Paterson anarchist paper, Mr. Meyer instructed the Third Assistant Postmaster-General to formulate an order providing that papers of an anarchistic or socialistic character, printed in a foreign language, would be required to print with it a translation in English of any matter that was incendiary or advocated anarchy. An examination of the law, however, disclosed that such an order could not be based on it, and accordingly Mr. Meyer suggested to the post office committees of Congress an amendment to section 3898 of the Revised Statutes, which prohibits the carrying in the mails of indecent matter. The amendment which was inserted and upon which will be based the forthcoming order of the Postmaster-General is as follows:

"And the term 'indecent' within the intendment of this section shall include matter of a character tending to incite arson, murder or assassination."

This amendment will become active July 1, and at that time it is the intention of the Postmaster-General to detail law officers of the Department to examine

carefully a score or more of papers, some of which are printed in the English language, to see if they are violating the new order CONVERTED JEW RECANTS.

Rev. Samuel Freuder Says He Will Never Again Preach in Christian Pulpit.

BOSTON, June 4.-The Rev. Samuel Freuder of New York caused a sensation in the Hebrew Messianic conference in Park Street Church yesterday by declaring that he would never again preach in a Christian pulpit. The conference is the third held by the Boston Council of the Sabbatical Messianic Society.

Rabbi or Rev. Mr. Freuder, who was to speak on "Christ in the Talmud," startled his hearers by the statement that he did not believe in missions and that he had never bapitzed a Jew and never would do so.

the rended soul, the disrupted family, the desertion of friends, the loss of respect. If ever I preach in any Christian pulpit again may my right hand forget its ounning, and may my tongue cleave to the roof of my mouth."

To-day Mr. Freuder declared in conversation with a reporter that he was now a Jew in the strictest same an orthodox

Jew in the strictest sense, an orthodox of the most orthodox of the sect.

"I would rather push a cart through the streets than go into a pulpit and preach Christianity," he declared. If shall return to New York to-day and I shall never baptize a Jew or anybody else again. It is a fake all through."

A CLERK, A GIRL AND A RING. The Ring Is Mrs. Campbell's-Newark Man Charged With Stealing It.

At the request of Inspector McCafferty the Newark police yesterday arrested Edward Ringel, a drug clerk, of 476 Ferry street. Newark, on the charge of stealing a diamond ring from Mrs. William A. Campbell of 247 New York avenue, Brooklyn. Mrs. Campbell is said to be the wife of a Brooklyn public school principal.

It is alleged that on Wednesday night Ringel, in company with Harry Hammil of 163 West Twenty-second street, who is under arrest, accompanied Mrs. Campbell and her daughter to a restaurant on Seventh avenue. Ringel asked Mrs. Campbell to let him ex-amine a diamond ring that she was wearing, and when she took it off her finger he got up

and ween she way.

The Newark police say that Ringel gave the ring, which is worth \$150, to a girl in Newark as an engagement token. It has peen recovered.

NO INCREASE IN FREIGHT RATES. Notice of It Has Not Been Given to the

Interstate Commerce Commission. WASHINGTON, June 4 .- Apparently there will be no general increase of freight rates on July 1, as decided upon by the managers of the Trunk Line Association at their meeting early in May and announced at the time. Following this announcement protest was made by shippers to the Interstate Commerce Commission and to the President, and it drew from Commis-sioner Clements the statement that any action on the part of railroads looking to a general increase in rates would be considered as a violation of the anti-trust law. The shippers who made the complaint said that business conditions would not

warrant any increase Under the law notice of thirty days must be given by carriers to the Interstate Commerce Commission of proposed increased rates, and up to to-day no such notice had been given by any of the railroads of the

The Submarine Octopus Meets All Contract Requirements.

WASHINGTON, June 4.—The members of the Board of Inspection and Survey who conducted the trials of the new submarine boat in Narragansett Bay have returned to Washington and submitted a report to Secretary Metcalf. The Octopus met all her contract requirements and the board will recommend her acceptance. The Octopus was built by the Electric Boat Company and is the largest submarine boat in the navy.

Swiss Minister's Valet Adjudged Insane. WASHINGTON, June 4.-Anton Herri, valet of Dr. Leo Vogel, the Swiss Minister, who attempted to commit suicide about two weeks ago in the legation, was adjudged insane by a jury here to-day and was committed to the Government Hospital for the Insane, Uniose Dr. Vogel requests that he be allowed to remain there Hasri will be

TO ACT ON NEW SUBWAY TO-DAY

MAYOR AND METZ WILL BLOCK IT. AT LEAST FOR A TIME.

Project Likely to Be Passed at a Subsequent Meeting After Metz Is Asked to Outline the City's Finances—Comptroller Thinks Four Fourth Avenue Tracks Too Many.

There is little probability that the \$2,800,000 asked for by the Public Service Commission to begin work on the construction of the Fourth avenue subway in Brooklyn will be granted by the Board of Estimate when the request comes up at to-day's meeting of that body. Comptroller Metz and Mayor McClellan are still opposed to spending the money. There are sixteen votes in the Board of Estimate and it requires twelve to grant an appropriation on its first consideration by the board. Mayor McClellan and Mr. Metz have three votes each, so it will be possible for them to block the project for a time; but the Charter provides that when the question of an appropriation is brought before the board a second time nine votes are sufficient to carry it through. When this happens the Fourth avenue subway will get the needed number of votes.

It is understood that for the purpose of strengthening his political position in Brooklyn Charles F. Murphy has asked President McGowan of the Board of Aldermen and Borough Presidents Ahearn, Coler, Haffen and Gresser to vote for the appropriation and it is well known that they will do so. Borough President Cromwell of Richmond, who is a Republican, will also vote for the tunnel.

What will probably happen at to-day's meeting after the application is turned down is that it will be referred to the Comptroller with directions to make a report to the board showing just why the city cannot find the money to start work on the tunnel. Mr. Metz in fact has already prepared a preliminary statement which he may

present to the board to-day. Chairman Willcox of the Public Service Commission and Comptroller Metz had a long conference yesterday and in the course of it the Comptroller sought to convince the chairman of the commission that the city was not only too poor to build the tunnel but that there was really no need for a subway under Fourth avenue. Mr. Willcox told the Comptroller that in presenting the plans to the Board of Estimate the commission had finished its part in the matter and that the responsibility would now rest with the Board of Estimate.

Mr. Mets is of the opinion that four tracks are not needed anyway. He thinks that if the project to build the new tunnel is persisted in a better plan would be to have two tracks go under Fourth avenue and two tracks under Sixth avenue. In the opinion of Mr. Mets, four tracks for Coney Island on two avenues a half or mile more apart would be more profitable from an operating point of view and would increase property values for taxation purposes.

Chairman Willcox replied yesterday to the application made by the Interborough Rapid Transit Company for a franchise to build a line under the Flatbush avenue extension to connect Manhattan Bridge with the Flatbush avenue terminal. When the application was made by the company it was no secret that the real purpose was to head off the building of the Fourth avenue subway. In his letter to the company yesterday Mr. Willoox states that the plans for the Fourth avenue tunnel will go right ahead but that this fact need not interfere ahead but that this fact need not interfere with the company's proposal, because there will be room in the tunnel and on Manhattan Bridge for the two tracks asked for by the company. Mr. Willcox in the course of his letter said:

"In the opinion of the commission it would be wise to proceed with the construction of the Fourth avenue subway while your communication is being con-

while your communication is being considered. Any delay would thereby be avoided, and the necessary changes at the Manhattan terminus of the Manhattan Bridge can be carefully considered as well as the broader questions of the relation as the broader questions of the relation of your proposal to the plans now being considered by the commission while the work is under way. I say this not because I understand your communication to intimate in any way that the plans of the Fourth avenue line need be altered or that the letting of contracts should be post-poned but merely to advise you of the

CHANGE IN CURRENCY DEBATE.

Made Evidently to Employ It to Show That La Fellette Had Lost the Floor.

WASHINGTON, June 4.-Senator La Follette made the discovery to-day that the transcript of the official report of the debate in the Senate on the adoption of the conference report on the currency bill had been materially changed. As taken in shorthand by the reporter, transcribed and typewritten, the report shows that at a certain point in the debate Senator Owen had just concluded reading a memorial for his colleague, the blind Senator Gore, to whom Senator La Follette, who held the floor, had yielded. At the conchision of the reading Mr. La Follette was still on his feet and claiming the floor. Senator Hale addressed the Vice-President, who said:

"The Vice-President-Does the Senator from Wisconsin yield to the Senator from

In the official reporters' manuscript which came to Senator La Follette to-day, the words quoted had been crossed out by the stroke of the pen and the following written in:

"The Vice-President-The Senator from Maine."

The revision, if allowed to stand, change the parliamentary status to show that the Vice-President recoginzed Senator Hale in his own right, while in the original report the Vice-President apparently recognized the right of the Senator from Wisconsin to the floor by asking him if he yielded to the Senator from Maine. The importance of the change would have been shown had the Republican leaders found an opportunity to carry out their original plan of invoking the Senate rule against Mr. La Follette which provides that no Senator shall address the Senate more than twice on the same subject in the same legislative day except by unanimous consent.

The record as generally made up shows that Mr. La Follette addressed the Senate twice on the day named, once before and once after Mr. Hale secured recognition. It was the intention of the Republican Follette when he attempted to speak again following Senator Gore, as he had planned, ary, to break the fillbuster. f necessary, to break the unexpectedly be-filibuster came to an end unexpectedly before it was necessary to apply the rule.

Mr. La Follette's friends assert that the change in the language used by the Vice-President in recognition of Senator Hale was made deliberately, with a view of em-

was made deliberately, with a view of employing it later to show that he had lost the floor at the point of the interruption and thus made two speeches instead of one.

Mr. La Foliette will preserve the page as submitted to him, and at the beginning of the next Congress will probably raise a question as to the accuracy of the report and the integrity of the Congressional Record.

The part of the debate in which the lan-guage occurred is in the body of Senator La Follette's eighteen hour speech, the copy for which was withheld for revision and only reached the Wisconsin Senator

MARTINI COCKTAILS DID IT. Defence of Surgeon Spear, U. S. N., on

Trial for Forging Pay Checks. WASHIN .. ON, June 4 .- Strong drink, and particularly the Martini cooktail, led Surgeon David A. Spear, U. S. N., to commi forgery, according to the analyses of Dr. Spear's attorney, Henry H. Glassie, in the trial of Dr. Spear by court-martial to-day. Mr. Glassie admitted that his client bad forged the name of three of his fellow medical officers of the navy to pay checks, but he contended that Dr. Spear was not responsible for his acts on account of exces-

sive indulgence in Martini cocktails. Mr. Glassie described the effect of the cocktail as an evil influence, inciting its victims to crime and excesses. Medical men, he thought, would back him up in the opinion that vermouth and absinthe, which Mr. Glassie regarded as necessary ingredients of a Martini, had an undeniable toxic effect which deadened the moral sensibilities and instigated a departure from established principles of good conduct and correct living. A word picture of a brain frenzied by intoxicants and directing the crime of forgery was presented by the at-torney in his defence of the accused naval

torney in his defence of the accused naval Surgeon under court-martial.
Commander Wells of the navy corroborated the testimony given yesterday by Chief Wilkie of the Secret Service about a confession made by Dr. Spear to Chief Wilkie in the presence of Commander Wells. Some consistency with the lurid descripsion of Attorney Glassie of his client's state of mind under cocktail influence was found in the explanation that Commander Wells quoted as having been made by Dr. Spear after giving his confession.

"I don't know just why I did it," he said. Commander Snowden explained that Dr. Spear recently turned over to him the sum

pear recently turned over to him the sum 1 \$268.93 with a memorandum for its disposition. It developed that the money was to be used for restitution of the amounts of the forged checks to Surgeon E. J. Grow. Assistant Surgeon C. G. Alderman and Assistant Surgeon F. H. Stebbens.

The prosecution rested and the defense procedular declaring it would prove Dr.

opened by declaring it would prove Dr. Spear's mental irresponsibility, due to drink, when the forged signatures were placed on the checks.

"If he had committed this orime with a

"If he had committed this orime with a clear intellect I would not defend him," Mr. Glassie declared. "He was given to periods of irritability followed by depression. He would cry like a little child for hours, but was unconscious of such weeping spells until told of them by his associates. He did queer and outlandish things at times, illustratinghis mental irresponsibility. He had hallucinations and declared relatives were dead, although in fact they were alive. This steady, habitual, unbroken use of vermouth and absinthe worked awful effects, and he could not discriminate between right and wrong."

A witness for the accused surgeon was his venerable father, Judge William P. Spear of Columbus, Ohio. He gave his profession as lawyer and told how the disease of drink had fastened itself upon his boy and of his efforts to have his son cured of alcoholism and the sorrow he had been caused, and that he did not believe that the boy was mentally responsible at the time

boy was mentally responsible at the time he is charged with forging names to checks and cashing them.

NEW WAR DEPARTMENT OFFICE. Its Occupant, John C. Schofield, May Become Acting Secretary of War.

WASHINGTON, June 4 .- John C. Schofield. chief clerk of the War Department, has been promoted to the office of assistant and chief clerk, in accordance with the and chief clerk, in accordance with the terms of the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill passed at the recent session of Congress. The appointment of Mr. Schofield as assistant and chief clerk is intended to relieve a situation which might arise in the event that the Secretary and the Assistant Secretary are out of the city. In this case the ranking army officer would be acting Secretary, but this condition may lead to an embarrassing conflict of authority between the military conflict of authority between the military

bureaus.
Mr. Schofield was chosen for this office because of his long experience in the War Department, which he entered as a clerk twenty-four years ago. By virtue of his new appointment his salary will be innew appointment his salar creased from \$3,000 to \$4,000.

CULLOM FOR TARIFF REVISION. Also for the "Intelligent Radicalism"

the Present Administration. WASHINGTON. June 4 -Fewer visitors called at the White House to-day than on any day for a long time. The President devoted a good deal of time to work in his office. Among the few who called was Senator Cullom of Illinois, who talked afterward about the Republican platform

for the coming campaign.

"There should not be anything reactionary in it," said Mr. Cullom. "We can have ary in it," said Mr. Cullom. "We can have no patience with any suggestion of that kind. There should be no recession from the intelligent radicalism of the present Administration. The platform to be adopted at Chicago, in my judgment, ought to call, among other things, for the prompt revision of the tariff. That is one of the most important things."

Gen. Leonard Wood's Designation.

WASHINGTON, June 4.- Major-Gen. Leonard Wood, who is now travelling in Switzerland on leave of absence, has been designated by President Roosevelt to attend the tercentennial celebration of the founding Spain, on October 20 next, as the representative of the United States army. A repre-sentative of the navy will also be named. Gen. Wood will be accompanied by Capt. George T. Langhorn, Eleventh Cavalry

Movements of Naval Vessels. WASHINGTON, June 4.—The collier Saturn and the cruiser Buffalo have arrived at

Mare Island, the battleship Kentucky at Port Townsend and the cruiser Chester at Newport. at Newport.

The cruiser Chattanooga has sailed from Hongkong for Swatow, the collier Nanshan from Hongkong for Shanghai, the cruiser South Dakota from Santa Barbara for Santa Clemente Island and the training which Heterode from Nantalker Amanchis ship Hartford from Norfolk for Annapolis

Ratifications of Three Treaties Exchanged. Washington, June 4.—Secretary of State Root and the Right Hon. James Bryce, Ambassador to the United States from Great Britain, to-day exchanged ratifications of three treaties ratified by the Senate several weeks ago. The conventions were the Canadian boundary, the inland fisheries and the general arbitration treaty.

Army and Navy Orders.

WASHINGTON, June 4 .- These army orders we Col. John Chamberlain, inspector-general, from General Hospital, Hot Springs, Ark., to his station. First Lieut. John J. Fulmer, Seventa Infantry, from recruiting service at Fort Slocum, N. Y., to Fort Wayne, Mich.

These navy orders were issued: Lieutenant-Commander O. W. Koester, from harge recruiting station, Buffalo, to the Charleston s executive. charge recruiting station, Buffalo, to the Charleston as executive.

Lieut. R. Spear, placed on retired list from May 28.
Lieut. R. Spear, placed on retired list from May 28.
Lieut. J. W. Schoenfeld to recruiting station, Buffalo, and duty in charge on June 18.
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Lieut. J. W. Schoenfeld to recruiting station, Buffalo, and duty in charge on June 18.
Lieut. R. Spear, placed on retired list from the Stevens House, where they are stopping, to follow the village trail leading around the lower end of Lake Placid to White Face Inn on the western shore. They managed to reach the inn all right and on their return trip followed the trail as far as the dam across the outlet to the lake. There they became confused, wandered off into the woods and soon lost their way. While endeavoring to locate he Prairie.
Midshipman C. C. Thomas, from Naval Academy
o the Maryland.
Midshipman R. G. Walling, from Naval Academy o the Marylane.
Midshipman R. G. Walling, from Naval Academy to the Salem.
Midshipman M. B. Willett, from Naval Academy to the Chester.
Midshipman J. P. McClain, from Naval Academy to the Maryland.
Midshipman R. A. Burg and H. DeF. Burdick, from Naval Academy to the Kentucky.
Midshipman H. P. D. Davis, from Naval Academy to the Rhode Island.
Midshipman E. H. Conner, from Naval Academy to the Minnesota.
Midshipman A. D. Dibrell, from Naval Academy to the Minnesota.
Midshipman T. A. Thankens. Jr., from the South Dakets to the Minnesota.
Midshipman T. A. Thankens.
Midshipman T. A. Tha

CHANCELLOR DAY SUSTAINED

HIS DISMISSAL OF DEAN WILL-IAM KENT APPROVED.

Board of Trustees of Syracuse University Also Approve of the Notice Given to F. E. Cardullo That His Services Will Not Be Required Another Year.

SYRACUSE. June 4.-Following the general meeting of the board of trustees of the Syracuse University this morning the beard went into legislative session, and the matter of the dismissal of Dr. William Kent of the college of applied science by Chancellor Day was taken up. The board unanimously upheld the chancellor and adopted the following resolution:

Resolved, That the employment and services of William Kent as dean of and as profes-Cornelius Smith College of Applied Science are hereby terminated and that all connection university is hereby severed, to take effect

The following resolution was also unani-mously adopted by the board:

Resolved. That we approve of the notice which has been given to Forrest E. Cardullo by the chancellor that his services will not be required another year, and we hereby accept his resignation.

Prof. George H. Shepard was appointed as acting dean of the college of applied science. No reference to any one as a likely successor to Dean Kent was spoken of, and it is likely that no one will be appointed till the college opens in the fall.

The meeting opened at 8:30 o'clock this morning in the office of Chancellor Day in the administration building. John D. Archibold, president of the board of trustees, who was expected up to this morning, wired

bold, president of the board of trustees, who was expected up to this morning, wired at the last moment that he was not able to attend. Lyman C. Smith, first vice-president of the board, presided.

Chancellor Day read his report, which was a detail of the work of the year. In it the chancellor referred in the highest terms to Superintendent of Buildings Harte Cunningham, who has proved a thorn in the side of all the students and many professors and who has been referred to by Dean Kent as the chancellor's "valet and spy," and said no money could compensate for Cunningham's services.

The matter of raising the standard of the college of medicine by requiring one year's work in a recognized college before entrance, to begin in 1909, and two years

entrance, to begin in 1909, and two years work previous to entering, beginning in 1909, and two years work previous to entering, beginning in 1910, was presented by Dean Hefferon of the Medical College and adopted.

The proposition of maxing a six years

course in medicine by uniting it with the liberal arts course, in which students would take in their sophomore and junior years in the liberal arts college the sciences rein the liberal arts college the sciences required in the first two years work in the medical college, was also made by Dr. Hefferon. It was referred to a committee consisting of Dean Smalley of the liberal arts college, Dr. Hefferon, Dr. F. W. Marlow and Prof. C. W. Hargitt.

The following associated professors were raised to full professorships: In the Liberal Arts College, C. C. Bushnell, P. Q. Place and E. E. Sperry.

The meeting, it was said at the close, had been one of complete harmony. Any rumors of trouble that might come up

rumors of trouble that might come up over the matter of the dismissal of Dean Kent by Chancellor Day were not substantiated. The board voted without a dissenting voice and the meeting was smooth and satisfactory to all.

NEW SEMINARY LIBRARY. Plans Filed for an Imposing Building Near

Columbia College. The plans for the great new library of the Union Theological Seminary were filed with Building Superintendent Murphy yesterday by Allen & Collens of this city and Boston. It is to be a five and seven story edifice of the gothic type covering the entire frontage of a big plot on Columbia University Heights on Broadway, extending 453.8 feet from 120th to 122d street and

having a depth of 44 feet. The facade will be of brick covered with ashlar set in broken bond and having terra cotta ornamentation. The design will preent an imposing series of ornamental bays set between tall pilasters and finished with arched mullion windows two stories high immediately beneath the roof. The main part of the building will be five stories, with embattled towers at the ends carried two stories higher. A large clock will be two stories nigher. A large clock will be placed in the centre front of the north tower. The library proper will occupy all five stories of the main edifice and also the basement and sub-basement and mezzanine floor. A museum will occupy the first floor and mezzanine story in the south wing, while the north wing at these stories will be fitted as social halls. The third story will contain the bibliographical and reference rooms and also the big catalogue room. Several floors of the wings will be set apart for the use of the seminars and as eparate studies with sleeping chamber

adjoining.
The building is to cost \$70,000 and is to form part of a quadrangle group covering the plot from Broadway to Claremont

AN ENTHUSIASTIC BRYANITE. He Reads La Follette Out of the Republican

Party and Recruits Him for Bryan. WASHINGTON, June 4.-Senator La Folette of Wisconsin is out of joint with his party and he and his followers in the nature of things will be forced to support Bryan at the polls this year, according to a statement made in a speech just printed in the Congressional Record by Representative Hitchcock of Nebraska, head apostle of

Bryanism in the West.
Mr. Hitchcock is very enthusiastic in his effort to read La Follette out of the Republican party and into the ranks of Democ racy. He was so emphatic in his assertion that La Follette would be found supporting Bryan in November that the matter was directed to the attention of the Wisconsin Senator. Mr. La Foliette denied that he contemplated quitting the Republican party, averring that it was his intention to continue "the fight" within the party with which he has been affiliated for many years. "The followers of La Follette can find no place within the Republican camp this year," says Mr. Hitchcook in his printed speech. "Their leader has been ostracized and repudlated by the Republican organization. He has fought most desperately and brilliantly the currency bill, which was the leading Republican party measure, and they will in this campaign naturally join the grand army of Bryan men recruited from the Republican ranks."

CONFRONTED BY A BLACK BEAR. Experience of Mr. and Mrs. Ludwig After

Being Lost in the Adirondacks. LAKE PLACID. N. Y., June 4 .- Mr. and Mrs. F. J. H. Ludwig of New York city, who recently arrived at this resort, are to-night their way. While endeavoring to locate the trail they heard a peculiar snuffling in some bushes just ahead of them, and a noment later they were confronted by

moment later they were confronted by a big black bear.

Mrs. Ludwig, who preceded her husband, gave a scream and hurriedly retraced her steps. For an instant the animal stood its ground, and then making a savage growl disappeared in the bushes. For some time Mr. and Mrs. Ludwig did not dare continue their search for the trall, but after several hours they located it and found their way back to their hotel very sized and suffering from shock.



"A Sale of the Times"

1,650 Summer Suits at \$1 3.50

Values \$18 and \$20

HIS is the first time in our history that we have departed from our policy of not holding sales in the heart of the season. But conditions this year are different, and the opportunity was ours, in these unsettled times, to purchase for cash at our own price the entire stock on hand of one of the largest woollen mills in the country.

The result is this wonderful economical event -bringing the price of suits of the regular high Wm. Vogel & Son standard down to a lower price level than the ordinary ready-for-wear kind. Every suit was made by our own tailoring organization and is a perfect expression of the latest stylesand in every way the greatest value ever presented to the New York public. Not a suit worth less than \$18-most of them \$20-a number even more.

Browns, tans, olives, blues, gressin cheviots, worsteds, serges. velours, cassimeres and thibets velours, cassimeres and thibets button models in every size. All priced at

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Sale of Negligee Shirts-\$1.95 (Beginning Friday, June 5th.)

3000 Outing Shirts in silk mixtures; golf, tennis and yachting styles. Cross bars, stripes, figures and plain colors-non-wilting cuff. Value \$3.50 -our price \$1.95.

(They were a special purchase.)

SMITH, GRAY & CO.

Broadway at Warren St. Broadway at 31st St.

BROOKLYN Fulton St. at Flatbush Ave. Broadway at Bedford Ave.

Willis Bequest to Be Used in Improving

Tompkins Market Property. The most important feature of the forty ninth annual commencement of Cooper Union which was held last night in the large assembly hall, was the announcement of a bequest to the institution by

James Willis of \$100,000. John E. Parsons, president of the board of trustees, said that the money would be devoted to the improvement of the Tompkins Market property, which Cooper Union has leased from the city for ninety-nine years with the privilege of renewing it for secon d term of equal length. Mr. Parsons dded that there is as yet no provision for lefraying the current expenses of what is to be known as the "Hewitt Addition to Cooper Union."

After making an earnest appeal to the graduates, the alumni, and any possible rich men who might chance to be in the audience, he said that he knew the required funds would not be lacking when the

critical moment arrived. "The trustees," he concluded, "are not villing to believe that the public spirited citizens of New York will suffer the institution to be without the means requisite to meet this outlay. Mr. Cooper's purpose was that his institute should help to make good workmen and good citizens-workmen who could use their heads as well as their hands; and good citizens, because it goes without saying that industrious, thrifty, skilled and capable workmen furnish the material from which good citizens are

The degree of bachelor of science conferred upon fifty-eight graduates of the Night School of Science, that of bachelor of engineering upon thirty-four graduates of the Day School of Technical Science, while seventeen graduates of the Night School of Science obtained post graduate degrees. Diplomas were granted to fifteen graduates of the Night School of Chemistry, to fifty graduates of the Night School of Art, to thirteen graduates of the Woman's Art School and to twenty-three graduates of the School of Stenography and Type-writing for Women. Mrs. J. Woodward Haven's three prizes

of \$30 each for the best panel for an over door were awarded to Sulamith Sokolsky, door were awarded to Sulamith Sokolsky, Ruby Abrams and Meta A. Peper. The prize from Mrs. John E. Parsons of \$10 to the miniature class went to Mary C. Barker. Mrs. Charles B. Alexander's prize of \$16 for the best poster design to Ina Harvie; the Robert C. Goodhue prize of \$15 for the best design for an inlaid table top to Rose A. V. Collery; the Wilson G. Hunt prizes of \$15 for mechanical drawing, \$15 for architectural drawing. \$10 for drawing from the tectural drawing, \$10 for drawing from the antique and \$10 for drawing from ornamental forms to Ernest Farndon, William Depperman, Ralph E. Moore and Ernest A. Leischker.

The prize of \$25 from the Cooper Union Alumni Association for the best work in the mechanical drawing class was divided equally between Henry Goldman and Edward F. H. Hammel. Gordon Thompson won the gold medal from the class of '07 as the best student in calculus and the prize of \$15 from the class of '05 for the best student in physics went to John Scheuring.

Court Clinches Illinois Local Option Law. CHICAGO, June 4 .- A decision which linches the constitutionality of the local option law was handed down to-day by the State Supreme Court. The Court denied a rehearing of the case of the people against John McBride, in which the Supreme Court had formerly held that the local option law was valid and should be enforced. The Court contented itself with entering the brief order "Rehearing denied."

\$100,000 FOR COOPER UNION. | NEW ASSISTANT FOR KELSEY.

Superintendent of Insurance Appoints J. H. Woodward of Hartford. ALBANY, June 4.-Superintendent Otto Kelsey of the State Insurance Department

to-day received authority from the State Civil Service Commission to appoint without examination Joseph H. Woodward of Hartford, Conn., as auditor and assistant actuary in his department. The salary is \$5,000. Woodward has been connected with the Connecticut State Insurance De-

partment. The State Civil Service Commission exempted from examination ten additional expert accountants for the Finance Department of New York city, making a total of twenty-two, and also exempted an additional assistant secretary to the Department of Water Supply in New York city, whose salary is \$3,000. The salaries of the expert accountants average \$2,000.

Senator Foelker Recovering.

ALBANY, June 4.-Robert H. Fuller, secre tary to Gov. Hughes, returned from New York to Albany late this afternoon. He stopped off at Staatsburg and called on Senator Otto C. Foelker, who was operated on for appendicitis several weeks ago. Secretary Fuller said that Senator Foelker had been having a bad time and was still confined to his bed. He told Fuller that he would be in Albany when needed to vote for the anti-racetrack gambling bills.

Senator Gilchrist Hears From Canarsie The Dutch Arms Young Men's Club of the Dutch Reformed Church of Canarsie has indorsed Gov. Hughes in his action against racetrack gambling and condemned Senator Alfred J. Gilchrist for opposing him. The Canarsis Young Men's Christian Association has taken similar action.

Boston Bonds Sell Well. Boston, June 4.-City Treasurer Slattery opened bids this noon for \$4,419,000 per cent. twenty, thirty and forty year bonds. Blodget, Merritt & Co. and Lee Higginson & Co. bid 106.44 for all or none. vielding a premium for the city of \$284. 583.60, and received the award. The tax exempt feature probably was responsible for the success of the sale, although the bond market has improved sufficiently recently to warrant the offering at this

Last August the city failed to get a bid from a bond house for the whole or any part of a \$3,924,000 issue, which took sev-eral months to sell over the counter.

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